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Industrial Worker

"AN INJURY TO ONE IS AN INJURY TO ALL"

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OF THE

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WAGE SCALES IN HARVEST "FIKE"

UNEMPLOYMENT DATA OF CENSUS ARE WORTHLESS

Bureau of Census Estimates Around Two Million for the Entire Country Based On Returns From One Fourth of the Total Already Counted

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 26.—Just as was anticipated from the observed negligence of the census takers at various points in the country, the unemployment information obtained by the census is utterly worthless. Whether there was a deliberate plan to soft pedal the alarming growth of unemployment or not does not matter. The figures obviously lie. Local real estate enthusiasts, chambers of commerce, and property owners were more anxious to conceal the amount of unemployment than they were to aid the figures on population in the various cities. The census enumerators responded and the questions concerning unemployment were slighted. The first blarney campaign from the bureau is propaganda. The first figures given out indicate "about 2 per cent of unemployment." As the normal amount in times of prosperity is about 2 1/2 per cent of constant unemployment, the report indicates that unemployment is below normal. The broad lines in all the cities of the country are purely psychological. Here are the first reports:

"Unemployment figures issued by the Census Bureau today indicated that 574,670 persons or about 2 per cent were out of work in April in territory comprising approximately a fourth of the country, with an estimated population of 29,264,480. "These were the first figures issued by the government as the result of the data on unemployment gathered during the present census.

"Secretary Lamont said they indicated much less unemployment than was generally estimated. "Lamont said since April, when the figures were compiled, there had been an increase in employment because of seasonal occupations. The highest percentage of unemployment was in the West.

ANOTHER LABOR BANK VENTURE GOES HAYWIRE

Brotherhood of Railway Clerks National Bank of Cincinnati After a Week's Run Closes Its Doors, Loaned Money On Alleged Forged Securities.

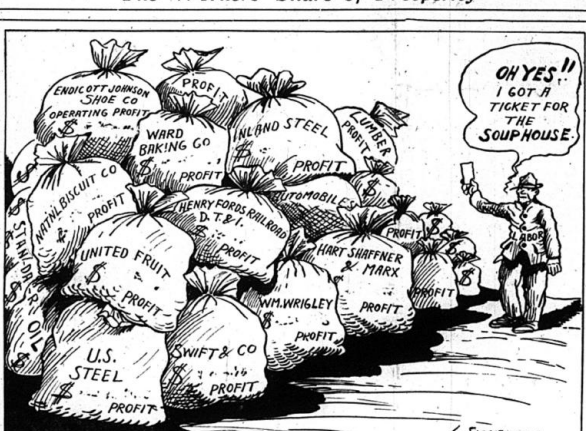
CINCINNATI, Ohio, June 26.—The attempt of labor to pull itself out of the hole of capitalist slavery by tugging at its bootstraps has scored another failure. The banking venture of labor unions have been unfortunate all along the line. The efforts of John L. Lewis to control mining properties by investing union funds helped to wreck the U. M. W. of A. The Rail Brotherhoods have failed to make good in banking. The latest is the Railway Clerks National Bank, the majority of whose stock is owned by 120,000 members of the Brotherhood of Railway and Steamship Clerks, Freight Handlers and Station Employees, was closed today after \$1,000,000 in deposits had been withdrawn following the resignation of two bank officials three days ago.

Summers of difficulties were reported at the bank shortly after the Cosmopolitan Bank & Trust Co. closed sixteen days ago. The latter institution was closed as a result of the \$1,000,000 speculations of A. W. Shaffer, discharged district manager of the Henry L. Doherty Company.

The board of directors closed the Brotherhood Bank following a slight run which existed for a week, and culminated in the heavy withdrawal of \$1,000,000 in the last three days. Assets were placed in the hands of the trustee of the currency of the United States for liquidation.

Nelson Schwab, Hamilton county prosecutor, later said loans approximating \$250,000 and secured by alleged forged securities had been made to Shaffer by the Brotherhood Bank. The prosecutor said his investigation led him to believe that no other Cincinnati bank was involved in Shaffer's speculations.

The Workers' Share of Prosperity



Medical Graft in State Relief

CHIEF MEDICAL EXAMINER ACCUSED OF DIVERTING FUNDS TO PRIVATE GAIN

Dr. Goodnow Is Found to Be Interested In Grays Harbor Hospital Association With Which He Makes State Contracts Payable From Funds For Relief of Victims of Industry Provided By State Laws.

OLYMPIA, Wash., June 26.—"We feel that more attention is being paid to financial profits than to adequacy of treatment. If these are the facts, on the plea of sound financial policy and sound public health policy, we demand that you take the necessary steps to correct this deplorable situation."

This is the text of a letter from Dr. Davidson, president of King County Medical Society to Attorney General Dunbar of the state of Washington concerning the purported practices of the State Department of Labor and Industries as revealed in the conduct of the state medical examiner, Dr. L. L. Goodnow, who has an interest in a private hospital association and makes contracts with it as medical examiner of the state department of Labor and Industries, by which accident funds provided for the victims of industry, are diverted to the medical fund and paid to his private hospital for services, allegedly at the expense of service to the victims.

Coming as it does upon the heels of the recent tragedy at Shelton, where an injured logger committed murder and suicide, it reveals the deplorable state of workers compensation in the state. The charges are:

1. Contracts held by the Grays Harbor Hospital association, of which Dr. Goodnow is a trustee, are contrary to good public policy as Dr. Goodnow has supervision as a state official and benefits therefrom as a contracting physician.

2. During the last ten months \$20,088 was paid out of the medical aid fund to the Grays Harbor association on a fee schedule prescribed by Dr. Goodnow. This was in addition to contract fees.

Three thousand dollars was paid in court costs on appeals taken by injured workmen from the medical aid fund instead of from the general fund as prescribed by law.

"There seems to be no question," Dunbar said, "but that a certain hospital association of which Dr. Goodnow is a trustee, is a trust, are contrary to good public policy as Dr. Goodnow has supervision over these contracts as chief medical adviser, and determines whether or not in certain instances an injured workman is under the act. If under the act, the man's medical bill will be taken care of by the hospital association, of which Dr. Goodnow is trustee, and if not, under the act they would be relieved of such a financial burden. Dr. Goodnow in certain cases determines this question. These contracts seem to be contrary to public policy and unless cancelled an action will be instituted by this office to declare them void."

(Continued on page 3)

LOSS OF DEPRESSION IS PASSED TO FARMERS BY INDUSTRY AND JOHN PASSES THE BUCK TO THE WORKERS

Scale of Wages Paid Last Year Is Cut to Four-Fifths By Organized Employers Co-operating With the U. S. Employment Service. Workers Are Unorganized and Therefore, Are Not Consulted.

SPOKANE, Wash., June 29.—The Grundy Tariff will preserve the home market for industrial products. To assure a lower wage scale an organized movement of employers has resulted in between six and seven million workers being thrown upon the competitive labor market. At the same time every move of the farmers to insure good prices for their crops has been resisted. Farm products enter into living costs and high cost of living forces higher wage scales. The farmers and the Government Employment service have now got together and unloaded the loss upon the workers. It is another lesson in economics that the workers must learn at the expense of their stomachs.

GLORY HOLE AT ARIEL IS READY TO START WORK

Coffer Dam Completed and Big Excavation Will Begin As Soon As Old River Bed Area Is Dry.

ARIEL, W. Wash., June 27.—The Coffer dam is now completed and the water is being pumped from the "glory hole" site (old river bed) with one hour off for dinner in the mess hall. There are two crews on each shift, besides the clean-up crew. Pumping is being done with forks along the border and with a machine inside the border. Wages are 56¢ per hour. Rubber hose are furnished; so are the forks. An inspector is ever present to give the orders and a shift boss is there to repeat them to the men working. The only independent function of the shifter is to tell, "What is holding us up?" when a delay occurs.

There will, however, be one opening for a job on the concrete gang—night shift July 4th, Independence Day, as the writer of these lines is going to blow up that day. Applicants for this position should be around here July 1st, to get acquainted with the bosses—N129192.

I am going to tell you something about this camp. I notice in the Industrial Worker that some of the camps have no shower baths! But that is one thing we have got here—and it is a good one. We have an old bathroom here, but the trouble is they took down the hot water pipes, though I have been told that they had hot water here last winter. Well, we have a small stove to heat water on, and plenty of room outside the bunkhouse. We make five out of a tank, and the "boiling-up" crew on a stick, same as we did back home in Minnesota. If I had a camera I would take a picture of our shower-bath, and send this to your paper. I think it is a new invention. Yes sir, we lumberjacks use our heads. We have an old lard can hanging on a pole, and the can has small holes in the bottom for the water to come out as a shower, but a fellow has to jump up on a stick, same as we did back home in Minnesota. I think it is a new invention. Yes sir, we lumberjacks use our heads. 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The Industrial Worker "The Marshal Will Cut Your Hair—"

OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE INDUSTRIAL WORKERS OF THE WORLD

It should be understood by members and others who read this paper, that it is the policy of the Industrial Worker to publish articles which have the greatest effect on the industrial worker. NOTHING BUT NO DISSENTS IS NOT OFFICIAL. Other articles are published at the discretion of the editor.

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THE TRAGEDY OF INDUSTRY

Arnold George, crippled logger and war veteran, huddled himself in a wheel chair down the sidewalk of Shelton, Washington on June 25 and, pulling an automatic pistol from under the coverlet, shot and killed Sol Reed, son of his former employer. He then committed suicide with the same gun. There was no known enmity between the two. George had lost his leg in a logging accident eighteen months before the homicide and had been in the hospital since that time. The general opinion is that the man had gone insane from months of suffering and brooding over his misfortune.

A letter to a brother in Sequim, Texas, was found unmailed among George's effects.

"I can't send mamma money and she says she is starving. Mamma will get my insurance from the government, so if I don't get to see you any more, don't think too hard of me."

Another letter, this one to his sister, in San Antonio, Texas, told of having bought an automatic pistol. "If I don't get some money from them I'll be going to be popping in a short while. They can't smash me up like this without paying for it. That explained the direct cause of the tragedy. It is said that George had planned to borrow money from the Simpson Logging Co., owned by Sol Reed's father, in whose camp he was injured, pending a settlement with the Washington state department of labor and industries upon the compensation law.

Let us assume that the suspicion of insanity produced by months of suffering and brooding is correct. Let us indulge every sentiment of commiseration for the two innocent lives snuffed out and to the innocent relatives, wife of the murdered man, and the family of the killer and the killed. And while we recoil in horror from the deed, let us not forget that human mental states and tragedies have causes. Let us trace these causes if possible, that prevention of such tragedies may be substituted for the usual emotional reaction of rage and vindictiveness.

Eighteen months of confinement in hospital or jail produces a condition that is commonly called "stir mania" among most men in prison. It is worse in a hospital. The morbid atmosphere, the scenes of suffering and death observed daily by the victim accentuates the depression. Most patients long confined grow petulant and self-centered. They become introverted—that state of mind that results from one's mind being withdrawn from external realities and left to "stew in its own juice." Undoubtedly this was the condition of Arnold George after eighteen months of suffering and confinement. His misfortune, had enough at least, became exaggerated by constant brooding. The reaction was a homicidal mania.

Behind it all is the tragedy of industry, conducted on a competitive profit basis for the sole purpose of serving the self-interest of the capitalist. Logging is a dangerous craft to follow even under the most careful management. The accident rate is frightful. Every day is a hazard of life and limb. Insurance companies are in business for profit, rather than for protection of the worker. The life insurance companies, except in unusual cases, the risk is too great and the cost of carrying it prohibitive. Insurance companies are in business for profit, rather than for protection of the worker. The life insurance companies, except in unusual cases, the risk is too great and the cost of carrying it prohibitive.

Quite naturally, both state and employer come to look upon the worker who becomes a liability as the enemy. The state, for the combined expense is devoted to reducing the liability to a minimum. The quicker a dead or injured logger can be gotten off their hands, the better. Expedition and economy rule the issue. The state accident compensation measures are inadequate and slow in operation. Where the inadequate compensation is gone the worker is removed from industry as a rule and becomes a burden upon society in some form or other. The object of both state and employer is to shift the burden to the general charity of the community as quickly and cheaply as possible.

The accident rate in industry is known. All states have compiled the data and established some form of statistics. The result is that there is a legitimate charge against capital when engaged in the exploitation of the bodies of workers in industry. It is legitimately a part of the overhead as much as rent, insurance and taxes. But only a minute fraction of the cost is carried by the employer and investor. The balance is shifted to the shoulders of the public and the victim.

To keep down protest, employers endeavor to save the state as much expense as they can without assuming too much of the cost. They cooperate with the commissions to the end that the cost of carrying the burden of liability shall not arouse resentment among the taxpayers. The final result is that the victim of accident is perfectly peculiar to the industry is made the goat. He is indirectly cheated out of the just compensation which he should receive for taking the risk in wealth production which goes to swell the riches of the nation. Ultimately the cripples, paupers, and dependents produced by the system become a burden upon others of the working class. Some beg on the street corners. Some are supported by relatives. It is the working class that pays the burden of unassured overhead in industry. The logger man who sells pencils on the corner, sells to the poor. The blind man who plays his accordion receives, the dole of the poor. The rich whisk by in their limousines and avoid contact.

In the case of Arnold George, we are not familiar with the details. But it is all too common and to one familiar with the workers' lives, there is no riddle. No doubt, the murdered man and his family were the victims of any direct purpose to injure the homicide. They were all victims of the same system. The Reeds are employers. They are in business for profit. The risks of the work are theirs. The state, the community, the general humanity and public opinion dictated that they do something for their injured veterans of industry. They built a hospital. In it they cared for George for eighteen months. He was 29, young, unmarried. He had a long life before him. It was a valuable life full of prospects of pleasure and usefulness. He had given much to the lumber industry. He had served overseas at \$30 a month while the company along with others raised the price of their product nearly 200 per cent during the era of war prices. He had returned and entered the industry as a wealth producer at the going wage—a competitive wage all too small to carry the burden of the risk and profit for the future. Suddenly he was bolted from the sky, the tragedy came. His life was crushed. Legless and broken he was left to witness the results of his sacrifice. Upon the hillside, a mansion arose to house the newly-wed son of the employer and his bride. He had been built out the business profits, he, George, had given his youth to produce. Life in all its fullness opened to the murdered victim. Life and all its prospects closed for the injured logger. He sought thru the usual channels some compensation for the tragedy to his youth. It came slowly and insufficiently. He brooded over the injustice of a maladjusted world. He saw the long, long road of miserable dependence ahead of him. He had seen it in the lives of other injured loggers. And then—

T-Bone Slim Records Some Impressions Of The Psychic State Of Christians In The Famed City of Salina, Kan.

By T-BONE SLIM

Stories had come to me to the effect that harvest hands are suffering great privations in the sovereign state of Kansas; therefore, being a man of great wealth and independent fortune, I thought it fitting that I sacrifice my time in investigating the rumors—in fact, I saw it as an urgent duty.

To get at the facts I must of needs disguise myself and present myself as a poverty-stricken workman—this was not very difficult because I resemble a workman in many respects and the look of desperation comes to me as naturally as the same look comes to a farmer who has wickered all out of shape by a herd of discontented Holsteins.

First of all I discovered that no harvest hands starved to death in Salina this year—a record that the city can look upon with pride and distinction—Kingman had better look to her laurels.

True is, the Salina has a great deal to be proud of. To record insofar as the hand of fate intervened—a harvest hand discovered an empty box car in which one or more bags of beans had ripped open and spilled all over the floor—that incident alone rescued many from an untimely end and helped to mean measure to poverty-stricken Christians in the forefront of Jayhawk hospital. Then, again, just as the situation became critical, and the more thoughtful of the community men (rank outsiders) left sacks of potatoes out in the night air for the "purpose of being stolen," as one remarked, the officers of the city hastened to the "jungle" and loaded 70 of the hungry men on the MOP, M. P. Lines, if I may so call them, and sent them south where the beans are ripe—no doubt figuring, "the ripper the grain, the less the cramps"—anyhow, nobody starved within the limits of Salina.

It is, let it be lying in the weeds. And Salina's "community chest" is still intact in its virgin glory! The first thing that I applied to for aid to appease "the terrific pains of my hunger" and to calm the "assaults of my surging appetite" (in Russell, Kan.) I was turned down and told, "go to the marshal!"—a very sympathetic creature, no doubt, and not at all like the dictator of the calloused nature of his conscience—sort of "passing the buck," so to say.

"What? Me go to the marshal?" I exclaimed. "No, who knows every 'pip' shot in the state? Me, who knows every farmer in this county and could be elected for sheriff tomorrow morning before breakfast." "Me!" I moaned, losing all sense of my grammar.

When I said that the proprietor almost jumped out of his clothes, but still stuck to his story "go to the marshal." I'm beginning to believe that the marshal is true—but I need verification. I approach a businessman. After assuming a proper look of anguish I impart to him the secret desire of my heart: "My dear sir, I errie, 'I do not want to starve today—I want to sort of stick around so that next winter we may all starve together—hm."

The starving harvest hands are unorganized. They have neglected to shut their miseries from their shoulders and are, for that reason, begging today—begging for work, begging for food, begging for help, begging for salt, begging for soap, thread, medicine—some praying for death—they neglected to organize.

Five years ago an organized worker



The ruling class has a great time now, with a correspondent, said that in the event of war with Russia, the ruling class of the capitalist world would bring him for his sympathetic attitude towards the Soviet Union.

They've found a flaw in G. B. Shaw's words of health, when he would find fault to stretch the word of G. B. Shaw: "The world is a great mistake."

Has gone to writing verses. Hand working hands. Find their rewards. In the public's eyes, Hoover's fishing news, And the box and bally. The working crew is fishing, too. Down in Ashland Alley.

Writing rhyme is just pastime. For the present poet. But like all men who use a pen, His weakness is to show it. The Pope of Rome is very ill. So the papers tell us. I'm wondering still. What makes 'em ill. If gods are good how fell!

George B. Shaw, in a recent interview

Well, let us assume that he went mad. What lesson are we to draw from it. Merely this: As long as industry is left to an uncontrolled economy such tragedies will recur. And worse ones. This one eventuated into the regular, it riveted public attention. The long train of disabled, crippled, blinded, broken and discarded workers is moving continually to the pit of the social scrap heap. There is nothing spectacular about it. It goes on unnoticed. It is the backwash of the system. It is a process in which broken lives of workers are built into giant fabrics of luxury in the form of palaces, private yachts, extravagant display, waste and instruments of oppression to preserve a system of individually controlled economy that is the cause of the tragedy. The advance of social production, the growth of mechanization, the integration of capital into national and international group control, dictate that society should take the burden of the risk. A man injured in industry is as much entitled to compensation as a man engaged in destructive war. He should receive it. He cannot get it under individual ownership of industry. The life of a worker is as dear to him as that of a millionaire. When he takes it should recompense the loss. It was not done in George's case. Same or insane, the tragedy he brought about is a perfectly explicable result. Concealing the truth cures no disease. Face reality and apply the remedy. It is industry control of the world in the interest of the wealth producers by the workers and technicians. It is the substitution of intelligent, scientific economy for the hap-hazard piracy of the competitive bourgeois system.

A Free Scholarship

AT WORK PEOPLES COLLEGE, DULUTH, MINN.
Including Board, Lodging and Tuition For the Term Beginning November 15, 1930 and Ending April 15, 1931.

Will Be Given To The Member Sending In The Largest Number Of Subscriptions To THE INDUSTRIAL WORKER

Between Now and November 15, 1930.

Thru the gift of a member of the I. W. W. who is interested in increasing the circulation of the paper, The Industrial Worker is enabled to make this offer. The scholarship has been paid for and is within the reach of any active worker who wants to do a little hustling for subs.

THE CONDITIONS ARE SIMPLE

Get a sub book by writing the Industrial Worker, Box 1857, Seattle, Wash. Send in your name for registration as one of the contestants, giving your card number and address. If you are unknown better get the endorsement of a job delegate or branch secretary for reference.

Every sub sent in will be credited to your account. Credits will be counted on the basis of one yearly subscription at \$2. Subscriptions for six months and three months will count as one-half and one-fourth of one full sub. Renewals will count the same as new subs when obtained by contestants.

If you win the contest, the paid scholarship will be sent you immediately after November 15 and the winner's name published in the Industrial Worker.

If you don't win the scholarship you will be paid a 40 per cent commission on all subs sent in. So you can't lose.

REGISTER NOW AND WIN.

USE THIS FORM:

Industrial Worker, Box 1857, Seattle, Wash.—

Please register my name as a contestant in the subscription contest for the free scholarship at Work Peoples College.

My name is _____

Card Number _____

P. O. Address _____

Reference _____

Give name of Delegate or Secretary _____

These 100,000 "bums" are not buying

these this year!

Yes, I have what will drop to 50 cents

per bush—and this year's harvest hand

(on account of terrible winter ahead) will

not answer the roll call next year—unless

he organizes and darn pronto.

That's another too much to expect.

Hamburger is at stake.

See you in heaven—be good.

Grave Harbor Delegates

Those who want to see an I. W. delegate

in Aberdeen, Honolulu or Camouflage,

Washington, should inquire of the news

agent. Delegates are here and at work.

Get names everywhere at once, so you

will be able to line up or stamp up, make

inquiries—BERT BANKER.

I. W. W. Papers in Calgary

Delegate A. O. A. F. Harbush is selling

papers in Calgary and can be found

at 630 4th Ave. W. Anyone wanting pa-

pers or wishing to stamp up can do so.

Papers in Spokane

I. W. W. papers can be bought from

the newsboy at all times during the day

at the corner of Washington Street and

Trent Avenue. Also at the I. W. W. hall

at 223 N. Bond Street. They are also

for sale at the corner of Trent Ave. and Stevens Street.

Papers in Denver

I. W. W. papers can be bought in Den-

ver, Colo. at Taylor's Variety Store, 2057

Larimer St.

INTERNATIONAL PICNIC

Given By

The Industrial Workers of the World

For the Benefit of

"IL PROLETARIAN" and Local

Organization

VENETIAN PARK

Gratiot Ave. and 13 Mile Road

Detroit, Mich.

SUNDAY, JULY 6TH A. M.

Grounds open at 10 A. M.

Speaking - Games - Refreshments

Dancing, Music by Savoy

Orchestra

Admission, Men 25c—Women Free

Take any coach or street car via

Clemens; Get off at 13 Mile Road.

Signs point way from there to the grounds.

NEW YORK PICNIC

Celebrating the 25th Anniversary of

the I. W. W.

Will be held at

Zedlers Grove, Lincoln Heights,

Yonkers

SUNDAY, JULY 6TH - ALL DAY

Under the auspices of the Joint

Branches and the Press

Directions: Take Lexington Avenue

Subway to 241st St. and White Plains

Ave. From there three buses will

run to grounds.

BOSSSES' SHARE OF PRODUCTION IS NOT REDUCED

In Spite of Misery Among Millions Dividends On Investments Continue As Great As Ever.

NEW YORK, Friday, June 27.—At least a billion dollars will be released for investment and for diversion into the channels of business next month through payment of interest and dividends by corporation. For the first time the suggestion was voiced that corporations were not hit as hard by the business recession during the second quarter as previously had been thought.

Among the corporations making announcements today were:

Reading Company—Regular quarterly dividends of \$1 on common and 50 cents on first and second preferred.

Cleveland Tractor Company—Regular quarterly dividends of 40 cents on common.

Bell Telephone Company—Pennysylvania—Regular quarterly dividend of \$2 on common.

Telegraph Corporation—Regular quarterly dividends of 20 cents and extra of 5 cents.

Sullivan Machinery Company—Regular quarterly dividend of \$1.

Liquid Carbonate Corporation—Regular quarterly dividend of \$1 on common.

American Home Products Corporation—Regular monthly dividend of 25 cents.

Federated Metals Corporation—Regular quarterly dividend of 25 cents; in previous quarter, the company deferred action on dividend.

Tobacco Products Corporation—Resumes dividends with quarterly payment of 20 cents on Class A stock; dividends passed October 30, 1929.

Samsom Tire Company—Regular semi-annual dividend of 35 cents on 100 preferred.

Crown-Zellerbach Corporation—Regular quarterly dividend of \$1 on A, preferred, B and convertible preferred.

Fireman's Fund Insurance Company—Regular quarterly dividend of \$1.25.

American Vitro Products—Regular quarterly dividend of 50 cents on common and \$1.75 on preferred.

Fairbanks-Morse—Regular quarterly dividend of 75 cents on common and \$1.75 on preferred.

Middle West Utilities—Regular quarterly dividend of 2 per cent on common and \$1.50 on preferred.

Anasconda Wire and Cable Company—Dividend of 37½ cents; therefore quarterly has been 75 cents.

United States Finishing Company—Regular quarterly dividend of \$1.75 on preferred; dividend of 50 cents on common omitted.

United States Lines—Regular semi-annual dividend of 50 cents on preferred.

JOIN THE I. W. W.!

JULY 4TH PICNIC

Given By
Hungarian Group and Joint Branches
- of the -
Industrial Workers of the World

at
MOLNAR FARM PARK
Detroit, Mich. (Near Farmington)
Speaking - Games - Lunch - Dancing
Good Music

Grounds Open at 10 A. M.
ADMISSION, 25 CENTS

Taxi cabs will leave West Jefferson and West End at every half hour beginning at 11 A. M. Fare, 50 cents round trip. Autos take West Jefferson or any other road leading to Trenton; pass thru town and turn to right, following Jefferson two miles. Signs point the way. Grounds one block off West Jefferson to the right.

Refreshments served.

Refreshments served.

Refreshments served.

Refreshments served.

Refreshments served.

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COPPER MINE LAYS OFF 825.

PRESCOTT, Ariz., June 26.—T. W. Quale, the superintendent of property at the United Verde Copper Company mine in Jerome, announced yesterday 825 men will be cut from the payroll at the Jerome and Clifton smelters within the next several days, beginning tonight.

Quale said depression in the copper market occasioned by the reduction, which is being made to avoid necessity of a complete shutdown.

CHICAGO PICNIC AT BEYERS GROVE FOURTH OF JULY

Leslie H. Marcy, John Sandgren and other makers of labor history will tell the story of the I. W. W. at a picnic at Beyers Grove, July 4. This picnic will be the celebration of the 25th anniversary of the I. W. W. of twenty-five years of struggle for the interests of the workers and against the domination of the capitalist class. While the class and historical interest of the I. W. W. will be told, a picnic is a place for people to enjoy themselves. So there will be games to suit all ages and dispositions; dancing for those so inclined; and refreshments of various sorts can be had on the grounds to satisfy the inner man. This Grove is located at 3723 N. California Ave. To get there, take any car to Irving Park Boulevard (4000 North) then to California Ave. (2800 West) and then a block and a half South to the Grove. Tickets are \$1.00 for adults, 50c for children. Admitted free. Remember the date and place.

Come and bring your friends for a day's outing.

Publicity Committee.

PICNIC JULY 6TH FAVORED BY GODS

Latest Information From Jupiter
Pluvius Says He Has Lined Up To
110 and Will Co-operate With Good
Weather.

SEATTLE, June 20.—We have been informed from the highest authority that Sunday, July 6th, will be a grand and glorious day. The sun will be out all the splendor and we can safely say that summer has at last arrived.

We are glad to have this advance information as we mean to enjoy this day and want friends and fellow workers to join with us at People's Park, where the Seattle Joint Branches of the I. W. W. will hold their annual July picnic and dance.

July 1930 being the 25th anniversary of the birth of the Industrial Workers of the World, we wish this affair to be a record celebration. We owe it to the organization to make it such. Play your part. Be there.

There will be something doing all day and evening at the grounds, games, sports and prizes for the children which we especially invite. Admission for them will be free.

There will also be specialties for the older folks. This year the committee will stage a horse-show contest. Four fine prizes will be awarded the winners.

Most of the speakers will give short but instructive talks on the labor movement. The famous Jumbo Wobblies will gladden and inspire us with their songs and songs.

We have engaged one of the best orchestras in the city for our dance. The pavilion is all set up at People's Park, where the Seattle Joint Branches of the I. W. W. will hold their annual July picnic and dance.

Refreshments and lunch served at all times.

If possible get your tickets in advance. Remember the time and place. Ladies 25c, men 50c, children free.

Tickets now on sale at I. W. W. hall or from Sally on corner of Washington and Occidental Ave.

Picnic Committee.

Picnic Committee.

Picnic Committee.

Picnic Committee.

Picnic Committee.

Picnic Committee.

Picnic Committee.

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Picnic Committee.

The Killings at Peshawar

President of the Punjab Provincial Committee of Lahore, India, Gives an Indian's Version of This Second Amritsar.

FROM THE NATION

The following story from the Nation Weekly will throw some light on the highly censored news from India. British control of the cables, together with the conspiracy of silence of American newspapers whose ownership is interested with American groups of capitalists eager to curry British commercial favors, has made an intelligible version of the state of affairs in India difficult to obtain. Today (June 25) the press dispatches report sporadic clashes between Nationalist volunteers and British military police at Elora, Madras, in which the police fired on the mob and wounded scores. That a crisis has been reached that may result in a violent revolt involving the entire 320,000,000 population of India is confessed in the censored statement that follows: "All India awaits the decision of the 'All-India National Congress' tomorrow which may precipitate an aggressive revolution."

The events at Peshawar on April 23 have never been fully reported. There are very strong indications, as Richard B. Grepp pointed out in our issue of June 18, that they are not creditable to the government. A rigid censorship was immediately imposed; a government communiqué was issued and the British consuls at Peshawar, V. I. Patel, Nationalist leader, and Pandit Malaviya, prominent Indian liberal, were denied permission to go to Peshawar to see the situation. If the following frankly nationalist account, which was printed in Young India for May 8, is the true version, it throws an entirely different picture on the Peshawar incident. It should be remembered that Peshawar is a Moslem city and that the British have been deliberately courting Moslem support in fighting the Nationalist movement.

Mr. Abdul Kadir Kasuri, president of the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee, Lahore, and president of the Punjab Satyagraha Committee, has circulated the following statement:

As various and conflicting versions of the happenings at Peshawar have been appearing from time to time, I have been at pains to discover the facts as far as possible at this juncture. After having received several responsible eye witnesses, and after considering all the statements I believe the following version to be the nearest possible to truth.

It is well known that the All-India Congress Committee delegation that went to make inquiry into the working of the Northwest Frontier regulations was stopped at Attock early in the morning of April 22 and allowed to proceed on the following day.

Meanwhile all the prominent Congress leaders and workers with a large crowd had assembled at the Peshawar railway station for a fitting reception to this delegation. When the news came through that the delegation was not permitted to proceed to Peshawar, a procession was formed and led through the city and in the evening a huge mass-meeting was held to protest against the repression policy of the government. It was also announced at the meeting that the decision of the Frontier Province Congress Committee that had already been arrived at to picket the five liquor shops in the city would be put into effect from the morning of the 23rd.

The Frontier government, seeing the thoroughly business-like preparations made by the Congress to carry out the picketing and fearing that it would have great effect on the people, decided to arrest all the important leaders. Consequently between 10 and 15 in the early hours of the morning on the 23rd April 36 leaders were arrested.

At six o'clock in the morning, when the congressmen came to know of the arrest of the above-mentioned six leaders, they met at the Congress office and decided to go to the police station to demand their release. They also learned that warrants were out against Syed Lal Badshah, member of the All-India Congress Committee, and against the secretary of the War Council, Mr. Abdul Khan, secretary of the City Congress Committee, and immediately without any police escort they proceeded to the police station, where they took them out in a procession to the police station just inside the Kahl Ghat and handed them over to the police officer in charge. The crowd accompanying the procession afterward came back in a very peaceful manner to the Congress office.

At sunrise, as soon as the news got abroad that the leaders had been arrested, there was a spontaneous hartal all over the city. At about nine-thirty, when a huge crowd was standing peacefully in front of the Congress Committee office in a very orderly manner and giving a great ovation to the volunteers who were being sent out on picketing duty, a sub-inspector of police with armed constables came in a lorry to the Congress Committee office and asked the person in charge to take them to the police station. He said that he had with him two more warrants of arrest—against Mr. Gulam Iqbal and Mr. Allah Bux. On receiving this information, the crowd immediately made way for the two leaders to come out of the office and they presented themselves before the sub-inspector, who put them in the lorry and proceeded to the town. When the lorry reached the Chak Yadgar it had a punctured tire and while the sub-inspector was thinking of sending for another lorry the two arrested gentlemen told the sub-inspector that they would of their own accord accompany themselves in the lorry just as the two other leaders had done earlier in the day. The police agreed to this and went away and the procession started with these two gentlemen and reached that Kahl Ghat. There they found, however, the gates of the station closed. The two leaders shouted out that they had come to offer themselves for arrest, but nothing was done until about an hour later when the sub-inspector who had come to the Congress Committee office to arrest them reached the spot and assured the officer in charge of the crowd was peaceful.

After the gates

After the gates

After the gates

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BOOM FOOD POISONS TWENTY

AT HATCH HETCHY

SAN FRANCISCO, June 20.—City health officers last night were asked to investigate the mysterious poisoning of nearly two-dozen workers on the Hatch Hetchy project in the last three days.

Twenty men were stricken Monday and Tuesday at the Del Valle camp, six miles from Livermore, while eighteen were taken ill with the same symptoms at Mitchell camp, a few miles east, the following day.

BEET THINNING

FINISHED IN WYO.

Northwestern R. R. Will Lay Off 60 Per Cent Of Men On July 1st Around Casper, Homegoing Working For Pittsburg, Hoeding Begins.

PARKERTON, Wyo., June 22.—We just got finished thinning beets Saturday, so we will start hoeing today. As I haven't been out I don't know how things are. I would have been around in the North-western Railroad's rumor is that the first of next month they will discharge nine out of every fifteen men employed. They will make a few dollars and go home satisfied about it. This time, however, they are out of luck and they are sorry they ever came to this country. I don't know what we will do after we get through here if the damned old John Farmer puts us off after the hoeing. If this happens we may try another state, probably Utah, around Salt Lake City. We would like to try it where there are a few dollars to be made. There are a few of these places—there are so many it is hard to beat them.—A. T.

I have been talking to some of the slaves, but most of them are home guards who think that nothing can be done even if they are starving on account of the bad job John Farmer has made. A few dollars and go home satisfied about it. This time, however, they are out of luck and they are sorry they ever came to this country. I don't know what we will do after we get through here if the damned old John Farmer puts us off after the hoeing. If this happens we may try another state, probably Utah, around Salt Lake City. We would like to try it where there are a few dollars to be made. There are a few of these places—there are so many it is hard to beat them.—A. T.

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THINGS SEEN AND HEARD ON THE SKIDROAD

A group of skidroad philosophers were discussing the class struggle and were trying to convince their listeners that their

ism was correct. They quoted Marx quite frequently to bear out their contentions. One colored worker, who very evidently had never heard of Marx got peeved at the many mentions of "Marx said this," "Marx said that," "Let me tell you what Marx said," ad nauseam; and he blurted out, "Who in hell is this Charlie Marx? Why don't this Charlie Marx come here and talk for himself!"

There is ground and substance to such a peeve; many of these corner revolutionaries repeat Marx as does Polly when it comes, "Polly wants a cracker," and with about the same degree of intelligence.

We met a friend who was fired from a ship at this port. We inquired into the divorce and this is what he told us: "The stew was rotten. So I took a bowl of it up to the skipper, and told him it wasn't fit to eat and he replied, 'Well, don't eat it.' I said, 'What will I do with it?' 'Anything you damn please,' said the skipper. I said, 'Do you mean that skipper?' 'Yes!' So I took the bowl of stew back to the galley and hit the steward in the mouth with it."

The following thing happened not many years ago. We feel that it is worth repeating now that the "union label is coming in for much discussion on Hamburger flats. On the occasion in question, a character was seen by many passers-by, whose was his object, parading sentinel-like, back and forward in front of a Jap restaurant. Across his back and boom he carried a notice, that read "Who takes Your Check?" Entering a "White Man," When he heard, parading he put his notice in his pocket and made a bee-line to a Greek hotel and stand.

Well, said fellow worker Shakespeare, "Consistency thou art a jewel."

Now for the benefit of any of ye who do not know where Odessa is I'll tell ye; it is a seaport on the Baltic. (Sayings of famous men) Who are we quoting here? Ans. in next issue of the Industrial Worker.

Sign of prosperity's return:— He was about forty years of age, carrying a large untidy package, his many years of gathering. He wore a large American flag on the lapel of his coat. He looked pleased with himself and the world. But much to our surprise he wheeled into the Buzzards of America's Grand Old Man, and to our

One corner revolutionist, speaking as

no he had a mouthful of marbles, engaged a couple of loggers in conversation to the effect that they should organize in the "red front fighters" so as to get more wages, etc. We would have been quite impressed with his logic if we were not aware of the fact that he himself was working

daily longshoring for 50 cents an hour, having secured his job from the "Millionaire's Club". Union wages in this port is 90 cents an hour.

* * *

"George" has cleared us on a point we have long been in doubt about. He tells us that a parasite is a person born in Paris.

* * *

"Free bread between the hours of 2:30 and 4:30. Millionaire's Club."

* * *

A man and wife, with four young children applied at "Coffee An" John's den

and begged him for a job. They were very much in need, having but fifteen cents among themselves. Being a business man, and not a philanthropist, "John" politely, but firmly refused to aid them.

are told stands for the rights and solidarity of labor. He went on to tell of a strike of 1,000 coal miners back in Pennsylvania under the leadership of the N. M. U. a unit of this same T. U. U. L. He wound up his sloop by exclaiming, "Why, Russia is shipping millions of tons of coal to America and this coal is being sold cheaper than the coal mined here in America." I

Tragedy is no respecter of persons. Others besides the Doughnutarians have

their stomach and heart aches. We are informed thru the P. I. that "Doris," 'one of the three soul savers that run the "Glad Tidings Mission" (it is over "Our House") obtained a divorce from her erring husband, whom she met and married two years ago before she "got religion." According

to her testimony she has had to rely entirely on Jesus for her material support since she married. If we are to believe our story, Jesus has been exceedingly good to Doris." "Doris," one of the faithful (male) has provided her with a car and an expensive

Signs of rebellion: "Coffee An" John charged fare and office fee to a slave for a job that didn't exist. This slave wasn't

of the type that Joe Hill tells about. Instead of coming back to town and joining the "great A. F. of L." he busted into "John's", grabbed him by the hair and rubbed his nose into the counter. "John" remaid without further persuasion.

10 pages

LOVELOCK, Nev.—Haying is just starting. Wages are \$3.00 low with some ranches furnishing blankets. All mining in this vicinity is at a standstill, but cinnamon mines are expected to be doing something this fall.

DEL 112-RO

will last six to eight months, and is hoped will relieve the local unemployment situation. What a chance, with 250 men a day dropping off the trains. However, all workers around this way should try this job, or others close in, as Reno sure needs some agitation. There is some work being done on the water mains, but it is hard to make.

DEL 113-RO.

¹I have been in this district for one week, but out of which time I have worked like hell for a period of thirty minutes on the business end of a jack-hammer, for which I did not draw time. The wages paid for laborers are 35c an hour, for jack-hammer men 60c, and for high riggers and iron workers 90c.

SPOKANE, Wash.—Just a few lines while I'm waiting for the "Big C" wire.

\$7.00? I think an old man should be glad to donate his service free, gratis—this is a free country, ain't it?

Down in C. V. Huck's office I saw this sign: Woman cook for batchelor, \$12.00

Here is another one: Elderly man to work around a home in city, \$15.00 mo. B. & B. Must have own car. Must be a big house when a car is needed to work around it. Probably they want the old

RIOT IN WINNIPEG

WINNIPEG, June 25.—Communist un-

NEW INVENTION

I notice in your paper where a person can buy the I. W. W. papers in Spokane so I'll get some there when I go there for the 4th, and also have a talk with the agent for the union, as I want to find out

found among millions of working people. We have all the good things of life. We must go on until the workers of the world own the earth and the machinery of production, and manage the industries into fewer and fewer hands.

nt all its members in any one industry, or
whenever a strike or lockout is on in any
to one an injury to all.
fair day's wage for a fair day's work," was
every watchword, "Abolition of the wage sys-

constitution:
ows the constitution.)
